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Solvent-Free Synthesis of New Bis(Benzimidazole-2-Alkylthio) Polyethylene Oxides Starting from Dithiols

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ABSTRACT

Polyethylene oxide (PEO) could be incorporated in molecular structure by several ways. A series of diacid *S*-alkylpolyethylene oxides 4a-i have been prepared from dithiols 1a-c through multistep reaction sequence. Novel symmetric bis-benzimidazoles (polyethylene oxide) 6a-i have been synthesized over green route. The condensation of the title compounds 4a-i on *o*-phenylenediamine 5, *via* the further deamination reaction and without catalyst, afforded the corresponding bis-benzimidazoles 6a-i in acceptable yields. The new compounds were established on the basis of their elemental analysis, IR, ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and mass spectral data.

Keywords Green route, bis-benzimidazoles polyethylene oxides, condensation, NMR.

INTRODUCTION

Poly(ethyleneoxide) PEO is a biocompatible eroding polymer available in a various molecules. PEO have recently received wide attention as sustained-release bioadhesive platform due to its safety, ease of processing and possibility to control drug release. In medicine, the polymer has been incorporated in several drugs such as oral sustained-release tablets¹⁻⁵ and ocular inserts.⁶ in addition, it has been shown that particles with poly(ethylene

oxide) surfaces have great potential as long circulating systems after intravenous administration⁷⁻¹¹.

Homobifunctional polyethylene oxides derivatives are synthetic polyethers containing two of the same type of functional group, available in a range of molecular weights and various functionalities, such as amines, maleimides, azides, thiols, and NHS esters. Hence, they can be used for many applications including surface functionalization

of a various nanoparticles^{12,13} and as cross-linkers for proteins, peptides, and other biomolecules^{14,15}.

Furthermore, compounds containing benzimidazole core could exhibit a wide range of various biological activities including anti-cancer, ¹⁶ bactericidal, ¹⁷ fungicidal, ^{18,19} analgesic²⁰ and anti-viral properties. ²¹ Thus, recognition of the great interest of bis-benzimidazoles has led to a considerable effort being invested in designing and developing reliable inexpensive and green synthetic routes for these compounds²²⁻²⁶.

In previous work,^{27, 28} we reported the synthesis of well-known biologically important heterocycles starting from thiols. In the same context,

Scheme 1: Synthesis of diacid derivatives

we have developed an efficient one-pot solvent-free synthesis of a series of symmetric bis(benzimidazole-2-alkylthio) polyethylene oxide derivatives 6a-i in acceptable yields.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

The intermediates diesters 3a-i were prepared in basic medium from reaction of dithiols 1a-c with various methyl esters bromide 2a-c.²⁸ The saponification of compounds 3a-i was performed in boiling alkaline aqueous solution, giving after acidification the corresponding diacids 4a-i (Scheme 1). Product 4a-c were isolated in good yields but 4g-i could not be obtained probably because of the length of polyethylene chain which more soluble in water. All results are given in Table 1.

Structures of compounds 4 were confirmed by NMR and IR spectroscopy. Diacid 4b showed a broad signal at 10.8 ppm which corresponds to the acidic proton, its ¹³C NMR spectrum revealed a peak at 179 ppm assigned to carbonyl group. The IR spectra of product 4h displayed a stretching vibration band at 1732 cm⁻¹ due to C=O group.

Bis-benzimidazole derivatives 6a-i were prepared in acceptable yields without catalyst by reaction of o-phenylenediamaine with various diacids via melting method (Scheme 2). The consumption of diacids was monitored by TLC (5:1, v/v, dichloromethane: petroleum ether) as eluent. This methodology was applied to synthetize various bis(benzimidazole-2-alkylthio) polyethylene oxide

Table 1: Yields of synthesized diacids 4a-i with various X and Y groups

Entry	X	Υ	Yield (%)
4a	-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -O-CH ₂ -CH ₃ -	-CH ₂ -	82
4b	-CH¸-CH¸-O-CH¸-CH¸-	-CH(CH ₃)-	79
4c	-CH¸-CH¸-O-CH¸-CH¸-	-CH ₃ -CH ₃ -	72
4d	-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -(O-CH ₂ -CH ₂) ₂ -	-ČH ₂ - ¯	58
4e	-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -(O-CH ₂ -CH ₂) ₂ -	-CH(CH ₃)-	62
4f	-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -(O-CH ₂ -CH ₂) ₂ -	-CH ₂ -CH ₂ -	57
4g	-CH¸-CH¸-(O-CH¸-CH¸)¸-	-CH ₂ -	44
4h	-CH¸-CH¸-(O-CH¸-CH¸)¸-	-CH(CH ₃)-	51
4i	-CH¸-CH¸-(O-CH¸-CH¸)¸-	-CH¸-CH¸-	49

derivatives and the results are summarized in Table 2.

The effect of the length of polyethylene oxide chain of different substituted diacids has been investigated and the results show that diacids bearing long polyethylene oxide chain reacted

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{HO} \\ \text{V} \\ \text{O} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{NH}_2 \\ \text{NH}_2 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{140 °C} \\ \text{NH} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \end{array}$$

Scheme 2: Synthesis of bis-benzimidazole derivatives

Scheme 3: Useful Compounds that Could be Derived from the Title Bis-Benzimidazoles

Table 2: Time RReaction and Yields of Synthesized Bis-Benzimidazoles 6a-i

	Produc	t Molecular	Time	
,		Formula	(Hours)	
		NYS S SYN		
1	6а	NH nn	5	61
2	6в	NH HN	5	57
3	6 c	NH HN	5	55
4	6 D	NH HN	. 8	44
5	6E	NH HN	. 8	46
6	6F	NH HN	8	51
7	6 G	NH HE	8	39
8	6н	Children High	8	43
9	61		8	41

slowly with lower yields. At the same time, diacids containing short ethylene oxide chain, such as 6a-c, afford acceptable yields with reduced reaction times. The products were characterized by comparing with authentic sample (IR, NMR and MS). NH signal clearly appeared in the region between δ 12.1 to 13.1 in ^1H NMR and quaternary carbon appeared around δ 150-154 in ^{13}C NMR spectra, as expected. In addition, the polyethylene oxide proton signal appears as multiplet at ~3.8 ppm. The molecular ion peak appeared at respective m/z values in GC-MS spectrometry.

These new compounds may be useful intermediates for the synthesis of organic-metal complexes²⁹⁻³² or for the preparation of lipophilic crown or azathiacrown ethers bearing bis-benzimidazoles³³, (SCHEME 3).

EXPERIMENTAL

Apparatus and materials

Progress of the reaction was monitored by thin layer chromatography (0.25 mm thick precoated silica plates: Merck Fertigplatten Kieselgel 60_{E254}), although purification was effected by silica gel column chromatography (Merck Kieselgel 60; 230-400 mesh). Infrared spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer Fouriertransform (FT) Paragon 1000 PC (PerkinElmer, France). 1H-NMR and 13C-NMR spectra were obtained using a Bruker Avance 300 spectrometer (Bruker, France) at 300 and 75MHZ, respectively. Chemical shifts were reported in ppm from internal TMS for ¹Hand ¹³C.The mass spectra were performed on a Shimadzu GC MS-QP 1000EX apparatus (Kyoto, Japan). Elemental analysis was recorded on an Exeter Analytical CE-440 Elemental instrument (Exeter Analytical, UK). Dithiols was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and used as received. The synthesis of diesters has been described elsewhere.

General method for bis-(benzimidazole-alkylthio) ethylene oxide formation

A mixture of diacid (1 mmol) and orthophenylenediamine (1.25 mmol) were added to a dry round-bottomed flask (50 mL). Then, the flask fitted with a condenser was placed in an oil bath and heated at 140 °C for 5 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC till the disappearance of the

starting diacid. Once the reaction was complete, the mixture was dissolved in alcohol. The pH value of the resulted solution was adjusted to 9-10 with KOH solution to give the crude product, which was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (5:1, v/v, dichloromethane: petroleum ether) as eluent to afford the samples 6a-i for analysis.

2-((2-((1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)methylthio) ethoxy)ethylthio)methyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole

Light yellow solid; m.p.115°C; ¹H-NMR (DMSO- d_6 /TMS) δ 2.75 (t, 4H, 2 S-CH2-CH2-O, ³JH+ = 6.0 Hz), 3.44 (s, 4H, 2 C2-CH2 and C2-CH2), 3.59 (t, 4H, 2 S-CH2-CH2-O, ³JH+ = 6.0 Hz), 12.34 (br, 2H, N1-H and N1-H); ¹³C-NMR (δ (ppm), DMSO-d6/TMS): 26.33 (s, C2-CH2 and C2-CH2), 34.8 (s, 2 O-CH2-CH2-S), 70.9 (s, 2 O-CH2-CH2-S), 115.1 (C4, C7, C4-and C7), 121.8 (C5, C6, C5-and C6), 140.2 (C3-C7-C3-C3-and C7-A1) and 153.7; IR (KBr): 3380, 2870, 1590, 1461, 1303, and 1205cm-¹; MS [m/z, (%)]: 399.13 [M+H]+ (90); Elemental Analysis: Found, %: C 60.18; H 5.51; N 13.97; C20H2-N4OS2, Calculated, %: C 60.34; H 5.57; N 14.07.

2-(1-(2-(2-(1-(1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)ethylthio) ethoxy)ethylthio)ethyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole 6h

Light yellow solid; m.p.107°C; ¹H-NMR (DMSO- $d_{\rm f}$ /TMS) δ 1.42 (d, 6H, 2CH(CH₃), ³J_{HH} = 6.0 Hz), 2.73 (t, 4H, 2 S-CH₂-CH₂-O, ³J_{HH} = 6.0 Hz), 3.48 (m, 2H, 2CH(CH₃)), 3.48 (t, 4H, 2 S-CH₂-CH₂-O, ³J_{HH} = 6.0 Hz), 12.99 (br, 2H, N₁-H and N₁-H); ¹³C-NMR (δ (ppm), DMSO- $d_{\rm f}$ /TMS): δ 18.5 (s, CH(CH₃)), 34.84 (s, 2 O-CH₂-CH₂-S), 37.29 (s, CH(CH₃)), 70.8 (s, 2 O-CH₂-CH₂-S), 71.2 (s, O-CH₂-CH₂-O), 115.7 (C₄, C₇, C₄, and C₇), 122.3 (C₅, C₆, C₅, and C₆), 140.6 (C_{3a}, C_{7a}, C_{3a}, and C_{7a}) and 153.2; IR (KBr): 3385, 2871, 1592, 1464, 1301, and 1197 cm⁻¹; MS [m/z, (%)]: 427.16 [M+H]⁺ (100); Elemental Analysis: Found, %: C 61.91; H 6.01; N 13.04; C₂₂H₂₆N₄OS₂, Calculated, %: C 62.00; H 6.15; N 13.14.

2-(2-(2-(2-(1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)ethylthio) ethoxy)ethylthio)ethyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole 6c

Light yellow solid; m.p. 111° C; 1 H-NMR (DMSO- d_{e} /TMS) δ 2.76 (t, 4H, 2 CH₂, 3 J_{HH} = 6.0 Hz), 3.26 (m, 4H, CH₂-CH₂-C₂), 2.69 (t, 4H, 2 S-CH₂-C₂)

CH₂-O), ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.0$ Hz), 3.65 (t, 4H, 2 S-CH₂-CH₂-O, ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.0$ Hz), 7.1-7.2 (m, 4H, C_{5} -H, C_{6} -H, C_{5} -H and C_{6} -H), 7.5-7.6 (m, 4H, C_{4} -H, C_{7} -H, C_{4} -H and C_{7} -H), 12.19 (br s, 2H, N_{1} -H and N_{1} -H); ${}^{13}C$ -NMR (DMSO- d_{6} /TMS) δ 27.1 (C_{2} -CH₂-CH₂ and C_{2} -CH₂), 30.8 (C_{2} -CH₂-CH₂ and C_{2} -CH₂-CH₂), 35.3 (S-CH₂-CH₂-O)), 70.5 (S-CH₂-CH₂-O)), 115.2 (C_{4} , C_{7} , C_{4} and C_{7}), 121.9 (C_{5} , C_{6} , C_{5} and C_{6}), 139.2 (C_{3a} , C_{7a} , C_{3a} and $C_{7a'}$) and 153.1 (C_{2} and C_{2}); IR (KBr): 3378, 2862, 1588, 1454, 1303, and 1201 cm⁻¹; MS [m/z, (%)]: 427.17 [M+H]+ (80); Elemental Analysis: Found, %: C_{2} 61.89; H 6.03; N 13.03; C_{20} H₂₆N₄OS₂, Calculated, %: C_{2} 62.00; H 6.15; N 13.14.

1,2-bis(2-((1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)methylthio) ethoxy)ethane 6d

White solid; m.p. 91°C; ¹H-NMR (DMSO- d_6 / TMS) δ 2.69 (t, 4H, 2 S-C \underline{H}_2 -CH $_2$ -O, $^3J_{HH}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.50 (s, 4H, C $_2$ -CH $_2$, and C $_2$ '-CH $_2$), 3.62 (t, 4H, 2 S-CH $_2$ -C \underline{H}_2 -O, $^3J_{HH}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.79 (s, 4H, S-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -O), 13.15 (br, 2H, 2 NH); 13 C-NMR (δ (ppm), DMSO-d $_6$ /TMS): 26.2 (s, C $_2$ - \underline{C} H $_2$, and C $_2$ '- \underline{C} H $_2$), 35.1 (s, 2 O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -S), 71.2 (s, 2 O- \underline{C} H $_2$ -CH $_2$ -S), 71.5 (s, O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -O), 115.1 (C $_4$, C $_7$, C $_4$ and C $_7$), 122.3 (C $_5$, C $_6$, C $_5$ and C $_6$), 139.6 (C $_{3a}$, C $_{7a}$, C $_{3a}$ and C $_{7a}$) and 151.3 (C $_2$ and C $_2$); IR (KBr): 3380, 2872, 1580, 1451, 1299, and 1199 cm $_1$ '; MS [m/z, (%)]: 443.15 [M+H]+ (60); Elemental Analysis: Found, %: C 59.62; H 5.88; N 12.59; C $_{22}$ H $_{26}$ N $_4$ O $_2$ S $_2$, Calculated, %: C 59.76; H 5.92; N 12.67.

1,2-bis(2-(1-(1*H*-benzo[*a*]imidazol-2-yl)ethylthio) ethoxy)ethane 6e

White solid; m.p. 88°C; ¹H-NMR (DMSO- $d_{\rm f}/{\rm TMS})$ δ 1.49 (d, 6H, 2CH(C $\underline{\rm H}_3$), ${}^3{\rm J}_{\rm HH}$ = 6.0 Hz), 2.69 (t, 4H, 2 O-CH $_2$ -C $\underline{\rm H}_2$ -S, ${}^3{\rm J}_{\rm HH}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.44 (m, 2H, 2C $\underline{\rm H}({\rm CH}_3)$), 3.62 (t, 4H, O-C $\underline{\rm H}_2$ -CH $_2$ -S, ${}^3{\rm J}_{\rm HH}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.81 (s, 4H, O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -O), 12.31 (br s, 2H, N $_1$ -H and N $_1$ -H); ${}^{13}{\rm C}$ -NMR (δ (ppm), DMSO-d $_{\rm f}/{\rm TMS}$): 18.1 (CH($\underline{\rm CH}_3$)) 37.2 (s, $\underline{\rm C}$ H(CH $_3$)), 35.0 (s, 2 O-CH $_2$ -C $_1$ -S), 71.4 (s, 2 O-C $_1$ -CH $_2$ -S), 71.2 (s, O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -O), 115.3 (C $_4$, C $_7$, C $_4$ -and C $_7$), 122.1 (C $_5$, C $_6$, C $_5$ -and C $_6$), 139.5 (C $_3$, C $_7$, C $_3$ -and C $_7$) and 151.9 (C $_2$ and C $_2$); IR (KBr): 3379, 2871, 1579, 1452, 1300, and 1200 cm $^{-1}$; MS [m/z, (%)]: 471.19 [M+H]+ (70); Elemental Analysis: Found, %: C 61.22; H 6.40; N 11.81; C $_2$ H $_3$ 0, V $_4$ O $_2$ S $_2$, Calculated, %: C 61.31; H 6.43; N 11.91.

1,2-bis(2-(2-(1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)ethylthio) ethoxy)ethane 6f

White solid; m.p. 94°C; 1H-NMR (DMSO $d_{\rm p}/{\rm TMS}$) δ 2.75 (t, 4H, 2 O-CH₂-CH₂-S, $^{3}{\rm J}_{\rm HH}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.24 (m, 4H, $C\underline{H}_2$ - $C\underline{H}_2$ - C_2), 3.66 (t, 4H, $O-CH_9-CH_9-S$, $^3J_{HH}=6.0$ Hz), 3.83 (s, 4H, O-CH₉- CH_2 -O) 7.1-7.2 (m, 4H, C_5 -H, C_6 -H, C_5 -H and C_6 -H), 7.5-7.6 (m, 4H, C_4 -H, C_7 -H, C_4 -H and C_7 -H), 12.19 (br s, 2H, N_1 -H and N_1 -H); ¹³C-NMR (DMSO- d_6 /TMS) δ 27.3 (C₃-CH₃-CH₃ and C₃-CH₃-CH₃), 30.5 (C₃-CH₃-CH₂ and C₂-CH₂-CH₂), 35.4 (S-CH₂-CH₂-O)), 70.5 (S-CH₂-CH₂-O)), 71.6 (s, O-CH₂-CH₂-O), 115.2 (C₄, C_7 , C_4 and C_7), 121.9 (C_5 , C_6 , C_5 and C_6), 139.2 (C_{3a} , C_{7a} C_{3a} and C_{7a}) and 151.1 (C_{2} and C_{2}); IR (KBr): 3378, 2862, 1588, 1454, 1303, and 1201 cm⁻¹; MS [m/z, (%)]: 471.18 [M+H]⁺ (60); Elemental Analysis: Found, %: C 61.18; H 6.38; N 11.84; C₂₄H₃₀N₄O₂S₂, Calculated, %: C 61.31; H 6.43; N 11.91.

2-((2-(2-(2-((1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole-2-yl) methylthio)ethoxy)ethoxy)ethoxy)ethylthio) methyl) -1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole 6g

Semisolid; ¹H-NMR (DMSO- $d_{\rm g}$ /TMS) δ 2.70 (t, 4H, 2 O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -S, ³J $_{\rm HH}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.48 (s, 4H, 2 C $_2$ -CH $_2$, and C $_2$ '-CH $_2$), 3.60 (t, 4H, O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -S, ³J $_{\rm HH}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.80 (s, 4H, 2 O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -O), 13.02 (br, 2H, 2 NH); ¹³C-NMR (δ (ppm), DMSO- $d_{\rm g}$ /TMS): 26.9 (s, C $_2$ -CH $_2$ and C $_2$ -CH $_2$), 35.3 (s, 2 O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -S), 71.4 (s, 2 O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -S), 72.1 (s, O-CH $_2$ -CH $_2$ -O), 115.1 (C $_4$, C $_7$, C $_4$ and C $_7$), 122.3 (C $_5$, C $_6$, C $_5$ and C $_6$), 139.6 (C $_3$ a, C $_7$ a, C $_3$ a and C $_7$ a) and 150.3 (C $_2$ and C $_2$); IR (KBr): 3370, 2871, 1582, 1450, 1299, and 1202 cm⁻¹; MS [m/z, (%)]: 487.18 [M+H]+ (40); Elemental Analysis: Found, %: C 59.22; H 6.17; N 11.47; C $_2$ 4H $_{30}$ N $_4$ O $_3$ S $_2$, Calculated, %: C 59.29; H 6.22; N 11.52.

2-(1-(2-(2-(2-(1-(1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl) ethylthio)ethoxy)ethoxy)ethylthio) ethyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole 6h

Semisolid; $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_{g} /TMS) δ 1.50 (d, 6H, 2CH(C $\underline{\text{H}}_{3}$), $^{3}\text{J}_{\text{HH}}$ = 6.0 Hz), 2.70 (t, 4H, 2 O-CH $_{2}$ -C $\underline{\text{H}}_{2}$ -S, $^{3}\text{J}_{\text{HH}}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.41 (m, 2H, 2C $\underline{\text{H}}$ (CH $_{3}$)), 3.60 (t, 4H, 2 O-C $\underline{\text{H}}_{2}$ -CH $_{2}$ -S, $^{3}\text{J}_{\text{HH}}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.81 (s, 4H, 2 O-CH $_{2}$ -CH $_{2}$ -O), 12.55 (br s, 2H, N $_{1}$ -H and N $_{1}$ -H); $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (δ (ppm), DMSO- d_{g} /TMS): 18.7 (CH($\underline{\text{CH}}_{3}$)) 37.0 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}$ H(CH $_{2}$)), 35.1 (s, 2 O-CH $_{2}$ -CH $_{2}$ -S), 71.2 (s,

 $\begin{array}{l} 2 \text{ O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-S}), 71.5 \text{ (s, O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-O}), 115.5 \text{ (}C_4,\\ C_7, C_4, \text{and }C_7), 122.2 \text{ (}C_5, C_6, C_5, \text{and }C_6), 140.1 \text{ (}C_{3a},\\ C_{7a}, C_{3a}, \text{and }C_{7a'}) \text{ and }150.5 \text{ (}C_2 \text{ and }C_2); \text{ IR (KBr): } 3375, 2872, 1580, 1451, 1301, \text{ and }1202 \text{ cm}^{-1}; \text{ MS } \text{ [m/z, (\%)]: } 515.21 \text{ [M+H]}^+ \text{ (40); Elemental Analysis: } \text{Found, \%: C 60.61; H 6.59; N 10.81; } C_{26} \text{H}_{34} \text{N}_4 \text{O}_3 \text{S}_2, } \text{ Calculated, \%: C 60.73; H 6.22; N 11.52.} \end{array}$

2-(2-(2-(2-(2-(2-(1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl) ethylthio)ethoxy)ethoxy)ethylthio) ethyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole 6i

Semisolid; ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d_c/TMS) δ 2.74 (t, 4H, 2 O-CH₂-C \underline{H}_2 -S, ${}^3J_{HH}$ = 6.0 Hz), 3.26 (m, 4H, $CH_{2}-CH_{2}-C_{3}$, 3.64 (t, 4H, 2 O- $CH_{2}-CH_{3}-S$, $^{3}J_{HH}=6.0$ Hz), 3.80 (s, 4H, 2 O-CH₂-CH₂-O), 7.1-7.2 (m, 4H, C_5 -H, C_6 -H, C_5 -H and C_6 -H), 7.5-7.6 (m, 4H, C_4 -H, C_7 -H, C_4 -H and C_7 -H), 12.94 (br s, 2H, N_1 -H and N_1 -H); ¹³C-NMR (DMSO- d_2 /TMS) δ 27.0 (C₂-CH₂-CH₂ and C_{s} - CH_{s} - CH_{s}), 30.1 (C_{s} - CH_{s} - CH_{s} and C_{s} - CH_{s} -CH₂), 35.9 (S-CH₂-CH₂-O), 70.8 (S-CH₂-CH₂-O), 71.9 (s, O-CH₂-CH₂-O),, 115.5 (C_4 , C_7 , C_4 and C_7), 122.1 $(C_5, C_6, C_5$ and C_6), 139.4 $(C_{3a}, C_{7a}, C_{3a}$ and $C_{7a'}$) and 151.0 (C_2 and C_2); IR (KBr): 3376, 2868, 1589, 1451, 1301, and 1200 cm⁻¹; MS [m/z, (%)]: 515.20 [M+H]+ (50); Elemental Analysis: Found, %: C 60.65; H 6.59; N 10.83; C₂₆H₃₄N₄O₃S₂, Calculated, %: C 60.37; H 6.66; N 10.89.

CONCLUSION

New bis-(benzimidazole-2-alkylthio) ethylene and polyethylene oxides were prepared from various dithiols. The synthesized products may be useful intermediates for the preparation of several interesting well-known compounds such as bis-benzimidazole metal complexes or azathiacrown ethers bearing bis-benzimidazole. The study related to the application of these new bisbenzimidazoles in biological and industrial fields is in progress.

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